Diffuse reflection sensor with background suppression









5 ... 200 mm 100 mm with black-white error < 10%







- Diffuse reflection sensor with visible red light and adjustable background suppression
- Small, homogeneous light spot for detecting small parts
- Excellent black/white behavior and reliable switching, even on glossy objects and objects with colored structure
- High switching frequency for detection of fast events
- Small and compact construction with robust plastic housing, degrees of protection IP 67 and IP 69K, tested in accordance with Ecolab for industrial application
- **NEW**: Housing variant with two integrated M3 metal threaded sleeves
- NEW: Housing variant with integrated slotted-hole mounting sleeve made of metal













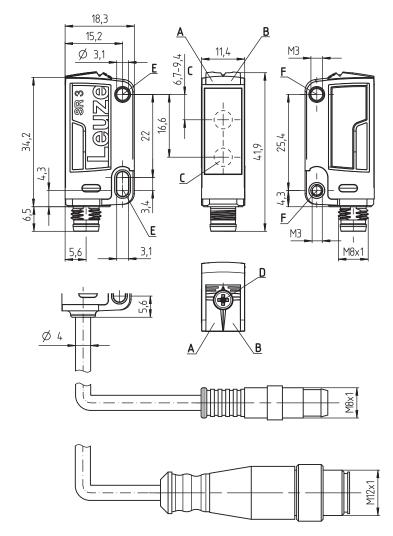


Accessories:

(available separately)

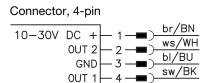
- Mounting systems (BT ...)
- Cable with M8 or M12 connector (K-D ...)

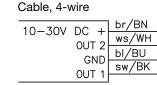
Dimensioned drawing



- A Green indicator diode
- B Yellow indicator diode
- C Optical axis
- **D** 8-turn potentiometer for scanning range adjustment
- E Mounting sleeve (standard)
- F Threaded sleeve (HT3C....B...)

Electrical connection





Connector, 3-pin

10-30V DC +	br/BN
10-304 PC +	3 - DI/BU
OUT 1	sw/BK
0011	F 4 - J

Technical data

Optical data

Typ. scanning range limit 1) Scanning range 2) Adjustment range 1) Black/white error < 10% up to Liaht spot Light source 3)

Wavelength Timing

Switching frequency Response time Response jitter Readiness delay

Electrical data

Operating voltage U_B 5) Residual ripple Open-circuit current Switching output Function

Signal voltage high/low Output current

Scanning range

Indicators

Green LED Yellow LED

Mechanical data

Housing

Optics cover Weight

Connection type

Environmental data

Ambient temp. (operation/storage) Protective circuit 7) VDE safety class Degree of protection Light source

Standards applied

Certifications

UL 508, CSA C22.2 no.14-13 5) 8) 1) Typ. scan. range limit/adjustment range: max. achievable scanning range/adjustment range for light objects (white 90%)

2, 3 III

IP 67 IP 69K

5 ... 200 mm

15 ... 200mm

approx. Ø 4mm at 100mm LED (modulated light)

≤ 300ms (acc. to. IEC 60947-5-2)

10 ... 30 VDC (incl. residual ripple) \leq 15 % of U_{B}

see part number code on page 3

 \geq (U_B-2V)/ \leq 2V max. 100 mA $^{\circ}$) adjustable via 8-turn potentiometer

object detected - reflection

plastic (PMMA) with connector: 10g

with 2m cable: 50g

plastic (high-strength PC-ABS); 2x diecast zinc mounting sleeves or 2x M3 brass threaded sleeves

with 200mm cable and connector: 20g

cable 2m (cross section 4x0.20mm²),

connector M8, metal, cable 0.2 m with connector M8 or M12

exempt group (in acc. with EN 62471) IEC 60947-5-2

-40°C ... +60°C/-40°C ... +70°C

light/dark switching, see part number code on page 3

633nm (visible red light)

see tables

100 mm

1 000 Hz 0.5?ms ⁴⁾

≤ 15mA

ready

Scanning range: recommended scanning range for objects with different diffuse reflection

Average life expectancy 100,000h at an ambient temperature of 25°C

For short decay times, an ohmic load of approx. 5kOhm is recommended

Observe the safety regulations and installation instructions regarding power supply and wiring;

for UL applications: only for use in "Class 2" circuits acc. to NEC Sum of the output currents for both outputs, 50 mA for ambient temperatures > 40 °C

2=polarity reversal protection, 3=short circuit protection for all transistor outputs
These proximity switches shall be used with UL Listed Cable assemblies rated 30V, 0.5A min, in the field installation, or equivalent (categories: CYJV/CYJV7 or PVVA/PVVA7)

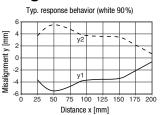
Tables

1	5	2	200		
2	10	150			
3	15	120			
		*			

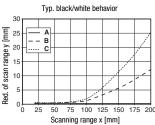
1	1	white 90%
	2	gray 18%
	3	black 6 %

Scanning range [mm]

Diagrams







white 90%

gray 18%



Notes

Observe intended use!

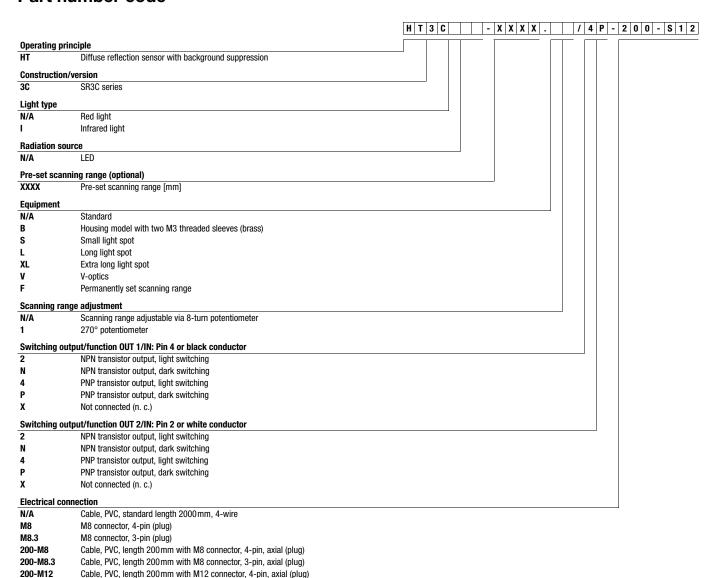
- ♦ This product is not a safety sensor and is not intended as personnel protection.
- The product may only be put into operation by competent persons.

 Only use the product in accor-

dance with its intended use

Diffuse reflection sensor with background suppression

Part number code



Order guide

The sensors listed here are preferred types; current information at www.leuze.com

Sensors with through-holes		Sensors with threaded sleeves		Accessories mounting systems	
Order code	Part no.	Order code	Part no.	Order code	Part no.
HT3C.S/4P-M8	50129379	HT3C.BS/4P-M8	50133602	For sensors with through-holes:	
HT3C.S/4-M8.3	50133589	HT3C.BS/4P	50133603	BT 3	50060511
HT3C.S/4P	50129380	HT3C.BS/4P-200-M12	50133604	BT 3.1 ¹⁾	50105585
HT3C.S/4P-200-M12	50129381	HT3C.BS/4P-200-M8	50133605	BT 3B	50105546
HT3C.S/4P-200-M8	50129382			For sensors with threaded sleeves:	
				BT 200M.5	50118542
				BT 205M 1)	50124651
				BTU 200M-D10	50117256
				BTU 200M-D12	50117255
				BTU 200M.5-D12	50120426
				BTU 200M-D14	50117254

Mounting systems





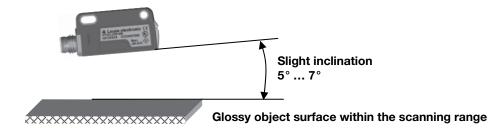


Application notes



• Detection of glossy surfaces within the scanning range:

When detecting glossy surfaces (e.g. metals), the light beam should not hit the object surface at a right angle. A slight inclination is enough to detect the object reliably. The following applies: the smaller the scanning range, the greater the angle of inclination (approx. 5° to 7°).



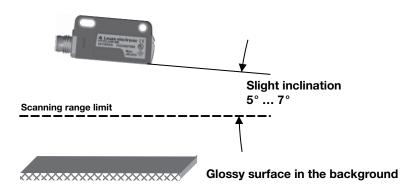
• Avoiding interference from glossy surfaces in the background:

If a glossy surface is in the background (distance larger than scanning range limit), reflections may cause interfering signals. They may be avoided by mounting the device at a slight inclination (see figure below).



Attention!

It is imperative to note the task and the associated inclination of the sensor of approx. $5^{\circ} \dots 7^{\circ}$.



- Objects should only be moved in laterally from the right or left. Moving in objects from the connector side or operating side is to be avoided.
- Outside of the scanning range, the sensor operates as an energetic diffuse reflection sensor. Light objects can still be reliably detected up to the scanning range limit.
- The sensors are equipped with effective measures for the maximum avoidance of mutual interference should they
 be mounted opposite one another. Opposite mounting of multiple sensors of the same type should, however,
 absolutely be avoided.

HT3C...S... - 01 2016/06